Seasonal Variations of Surface Radiation and Energy Balance* over Arctic Sea Ice during the N-ICE2015 Experiment

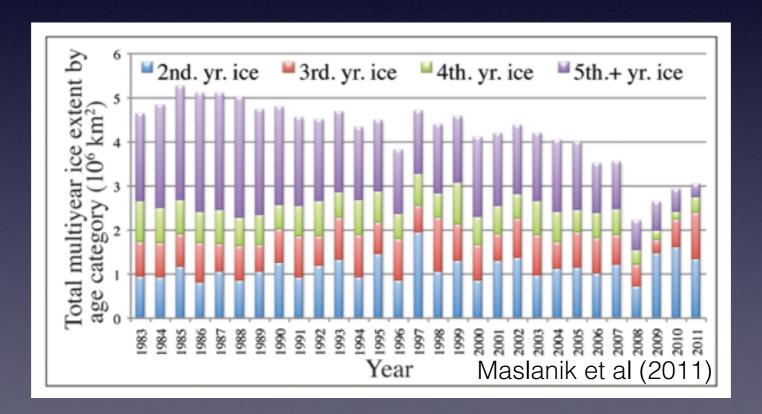
Lana Cohen¹, Stephen Hudson¹, Sarah Murphy², and Von P. Walden²

¹Norwegian Polar Institute, Tromso, Norway ²Washington State University, Pullman, WA USA

* All radiation and turbulent flux data are PRELIMINARY!

Context

- Long-term trend of Arctic sea becoming younger and thinner
 - e.g., Fowler et al, 2004; Maslanik et al (2007, 2011); Stroeve et al (2012)



 Very few comprehensive measurements in seasons other than summer (since SHEBA in 1998)

N-ICE2015 Norwegian Young Sea Ice experiment

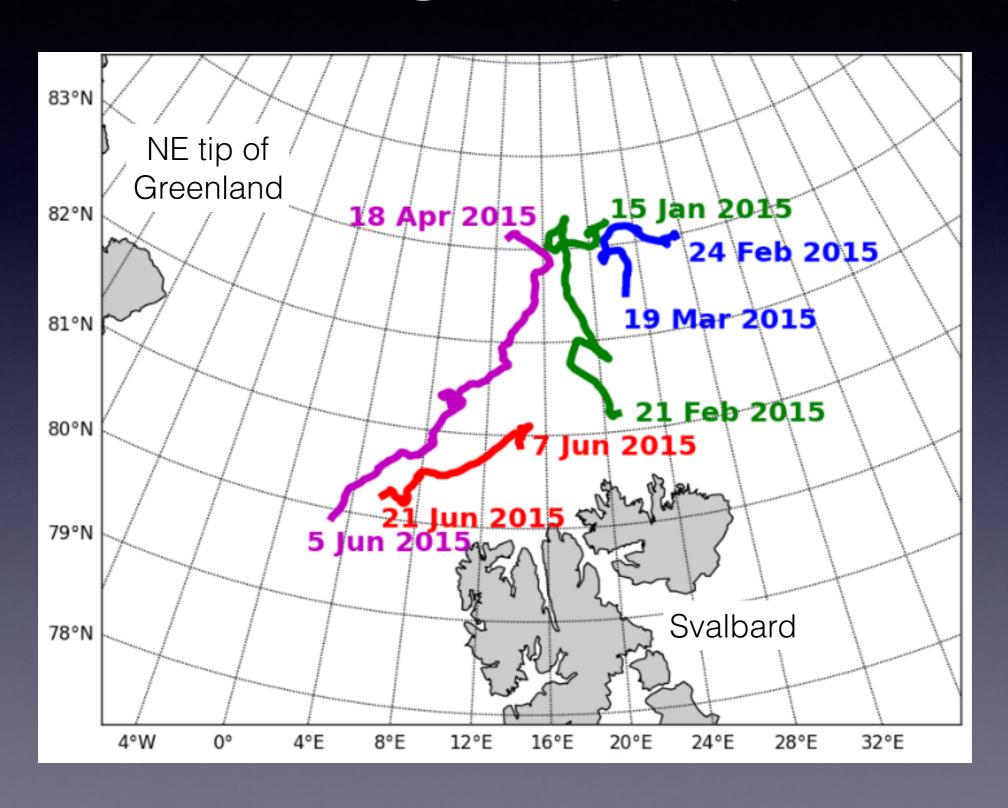
January - June 2015

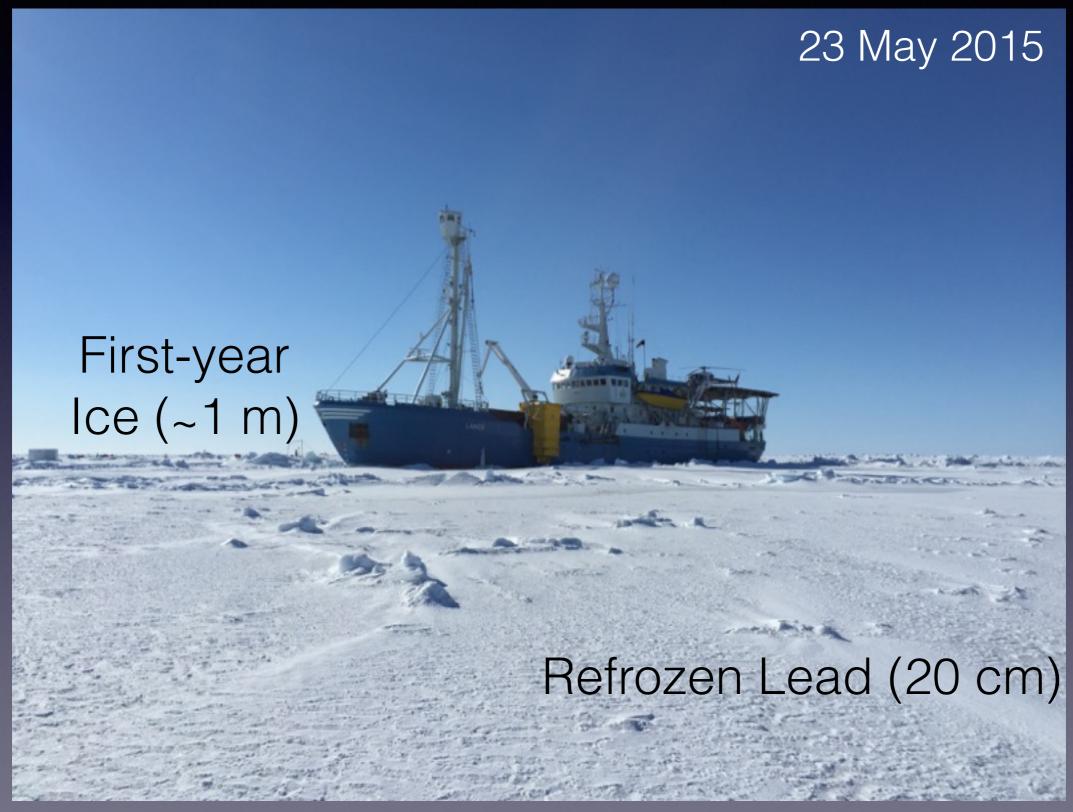




- To understand the effects of new thin, first-year, sea ice regime in the Arctic on energy flux, ice dynamics and the associated ecosystem, and local and global climate.
 - 5 Working Packages
 - WP1 Physical Oceanography
 - WP2 Atmosphere
 - WP3 Sea Ice
 - WP4 Sea Ice Dynamics
 - WP5 Ecosystem Dynamics

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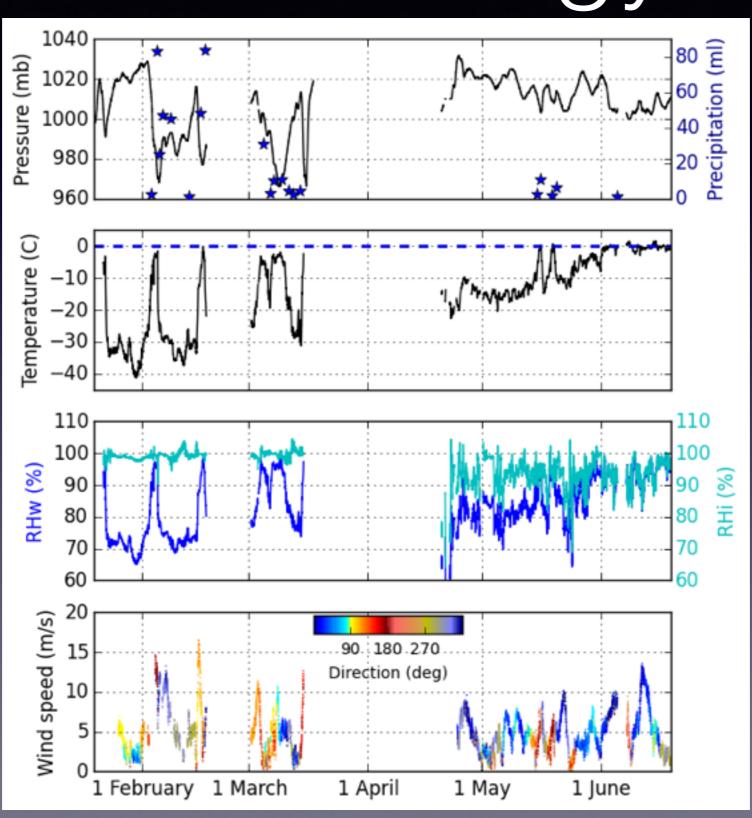




Instruments

- 10-meter meteorological tower
 - RM Young T, Vaisala humidity, Lufft Ventus winds
- Kipp and Zonen shortwave and longwave radiometers
- Licor Eddy-Covariance system (EC) (3 systems)
- Vaisala Ceilometer (CEIL)
- DOE ARM Micropulse Lidar (MPL)

Meteorology



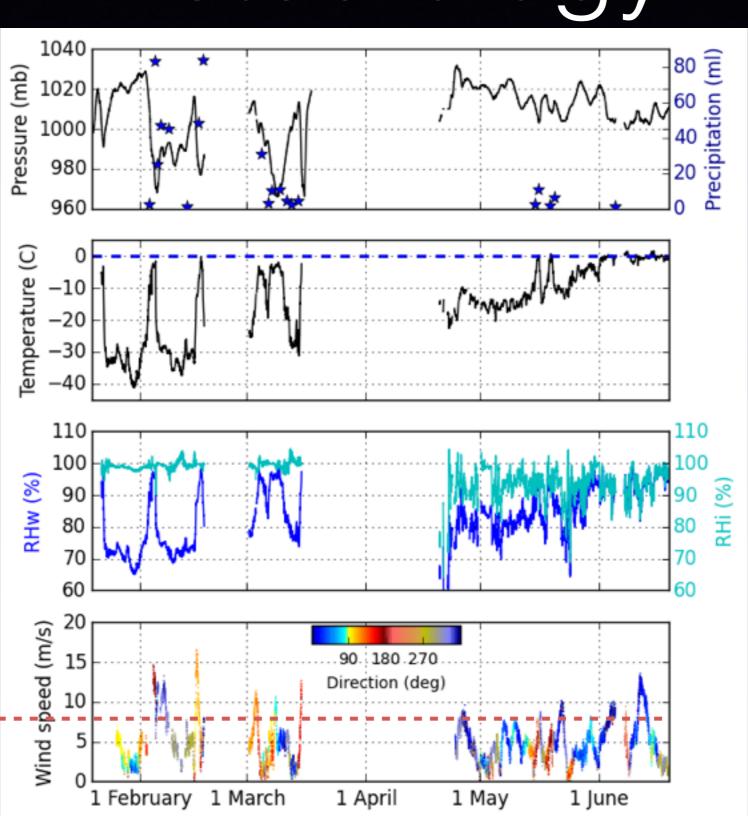
Meteorology

Large P drops in winter

Very large T increases in winter

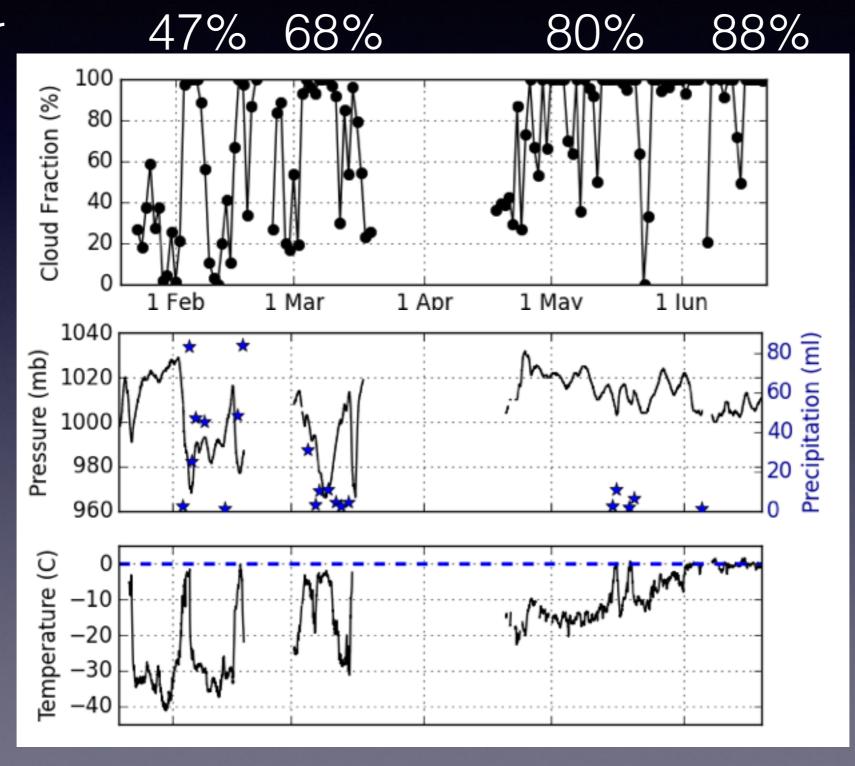
Little change in RHi; large RHw

ws > 8 m/s



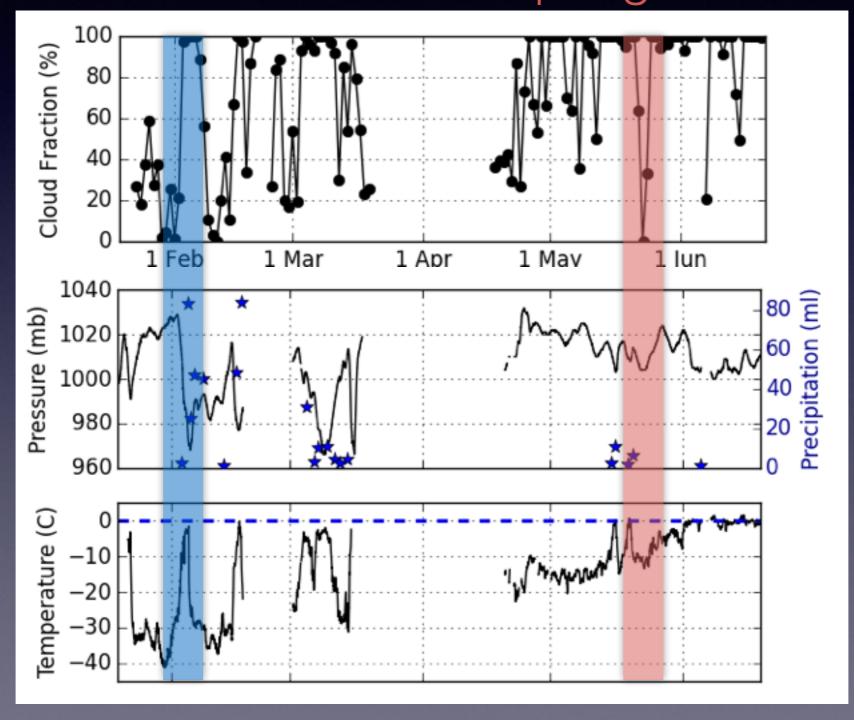
Cloud Fraction

Ceilometer



Cloud Fraction

Winter Case

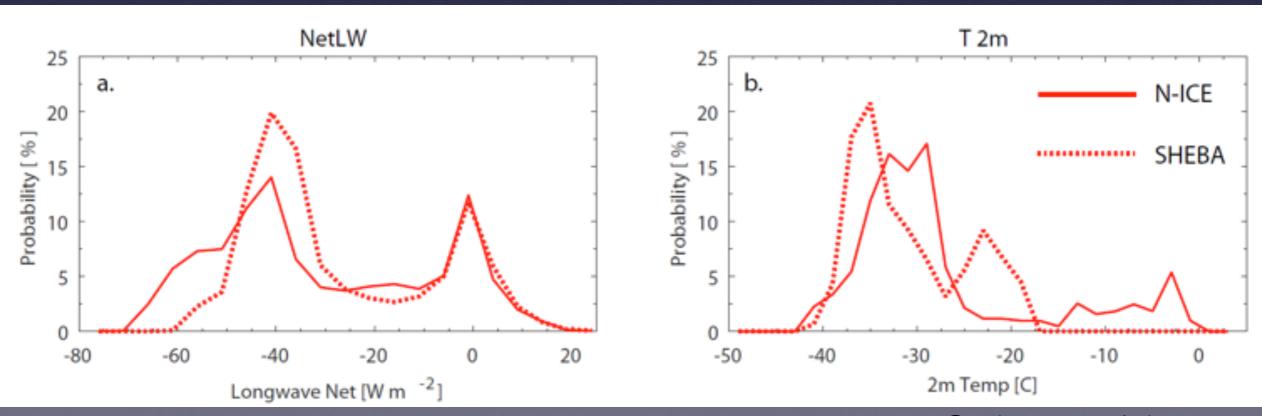


SHEBA Comparison

A comparison of the two Arctic atmospheric winter states from the N-ICE and SHEBA campaigns

Robert M. Graham^{1,2}, Annette Rinke¹, Lana Cohen², Stephen R. Hudson², Von P. Walden^{2,3}, Markus Kayser¹, Marion Maturilli¹

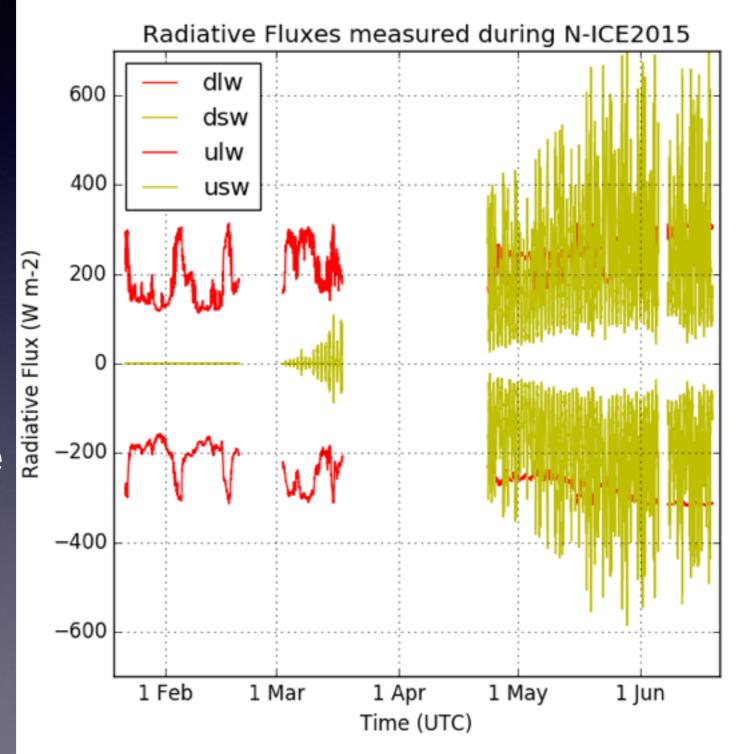
In Preparation for N-ICE Special Issue in JGR



Graham et al, in prep.

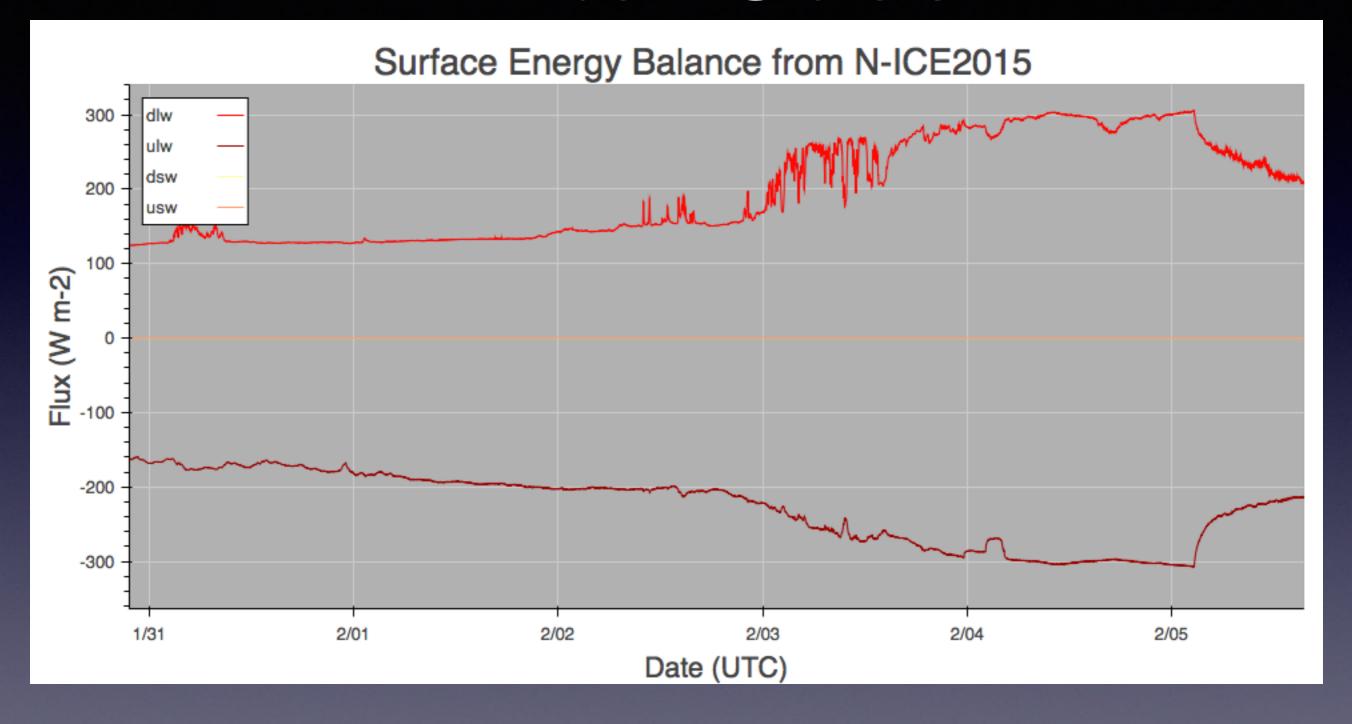
Radiative Fluxes

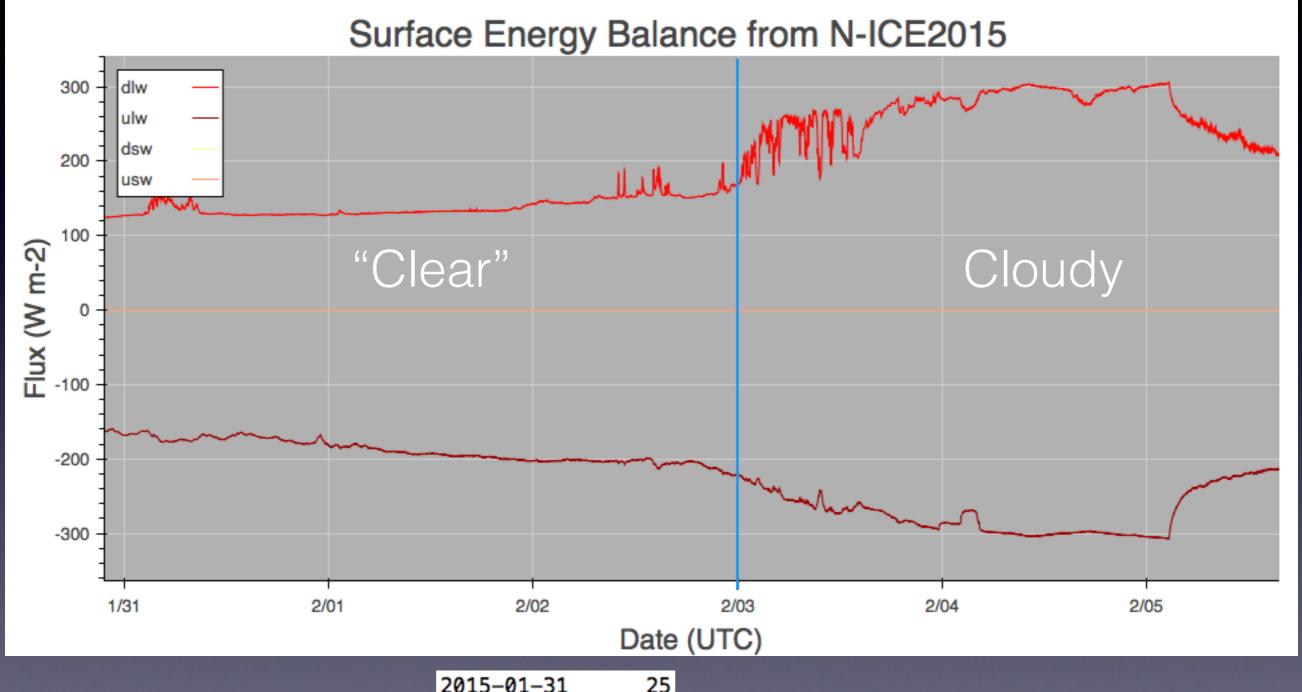
Fluxes are positive INTO the surface



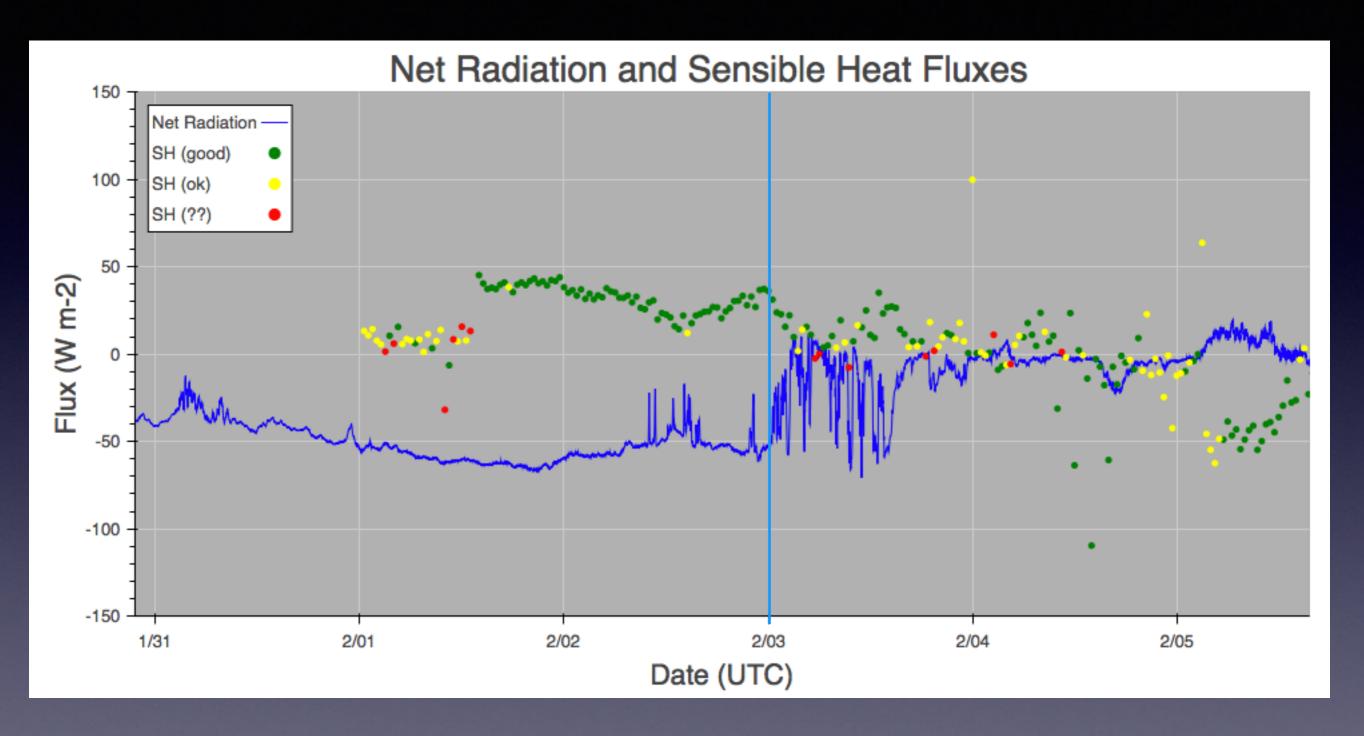
Downwelling

Upwelling



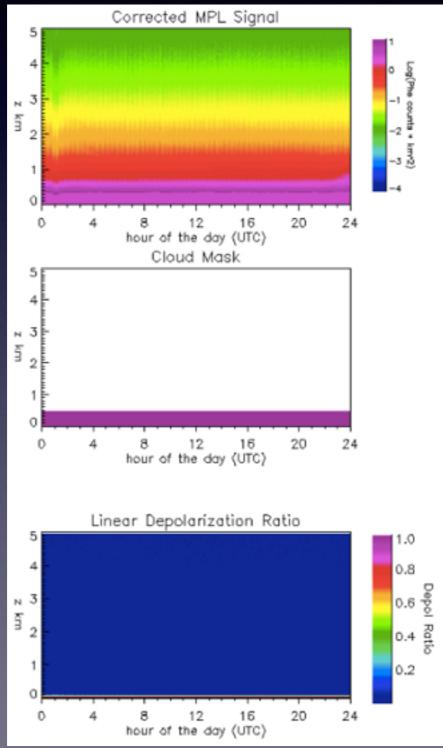


2015-01-31	25
2015-02-01	1
2015-02-02	21
2015-02-03	97
2015-02-04	100
2015-02-05	100
2015-02-06	100

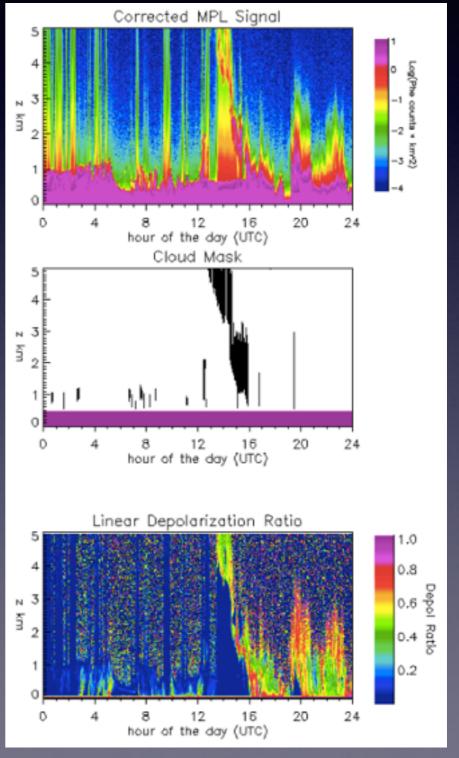


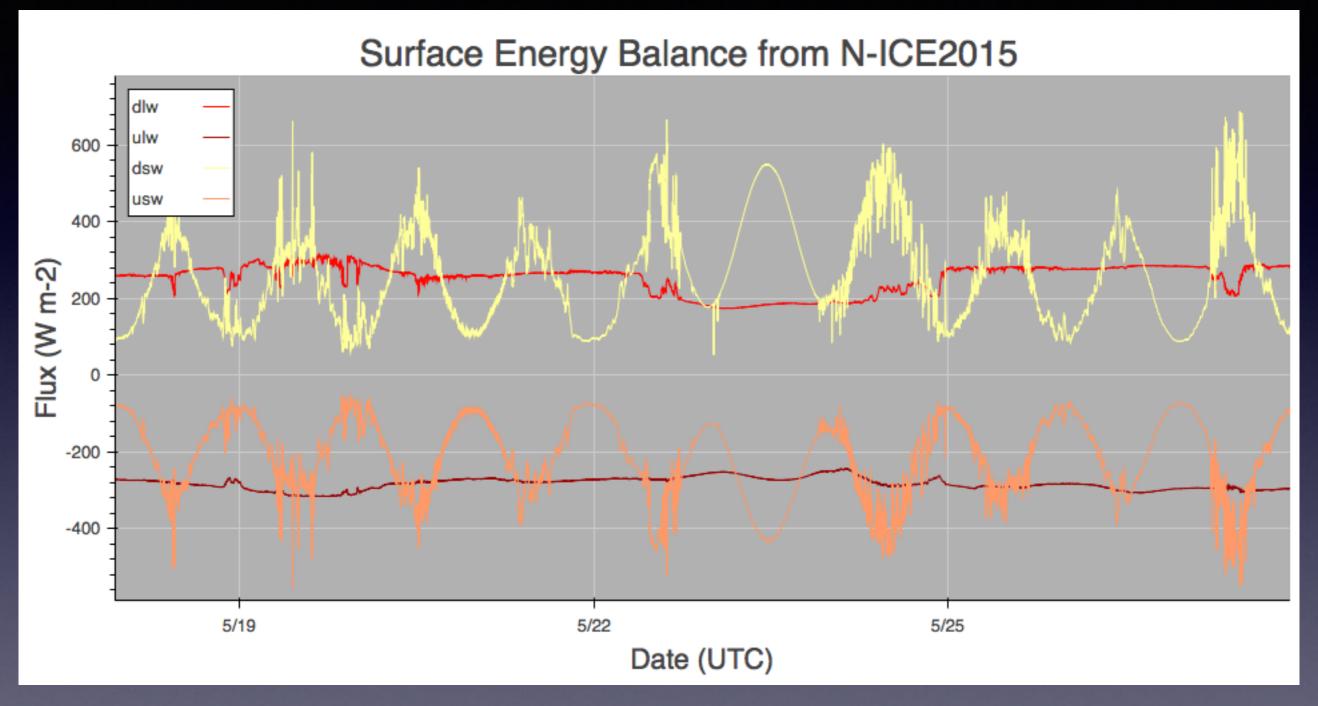
31 Jan

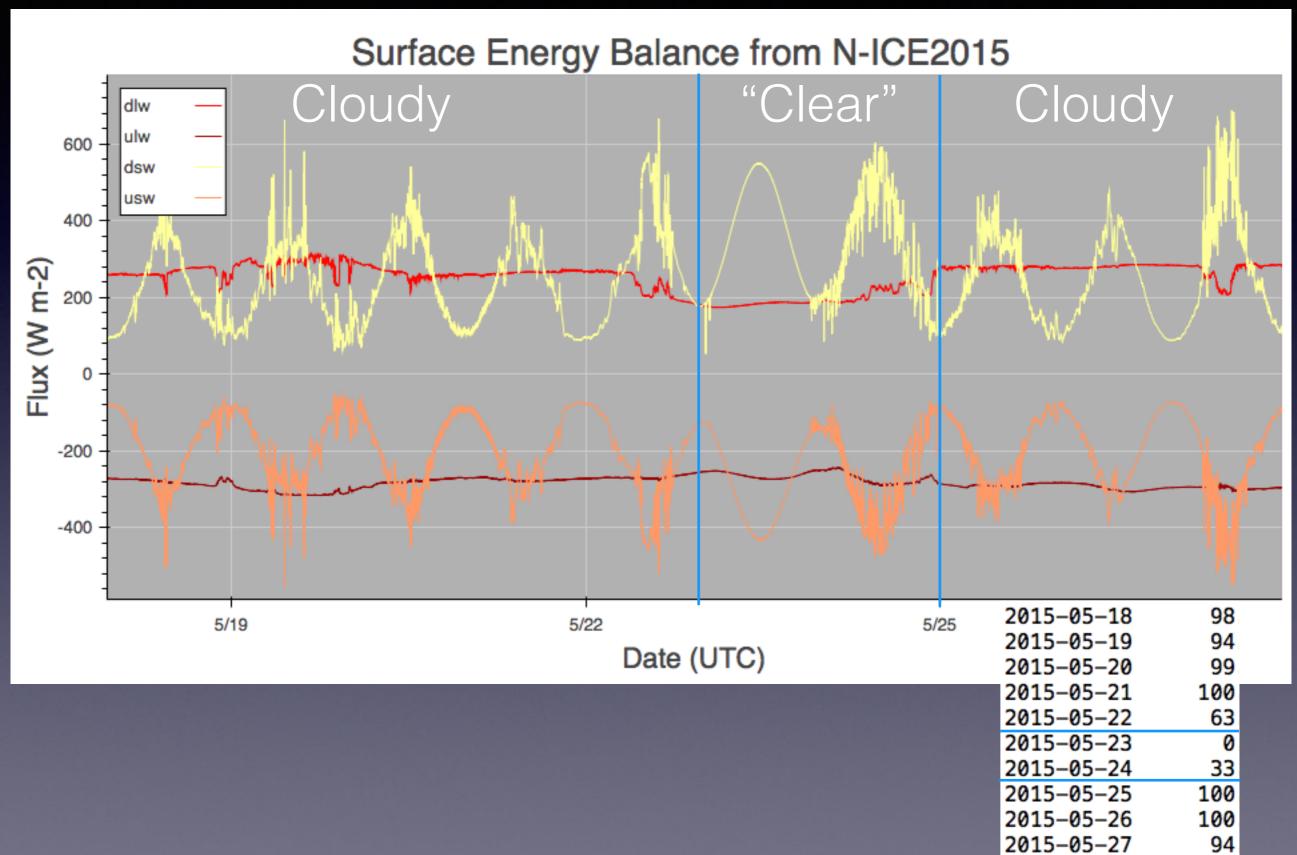


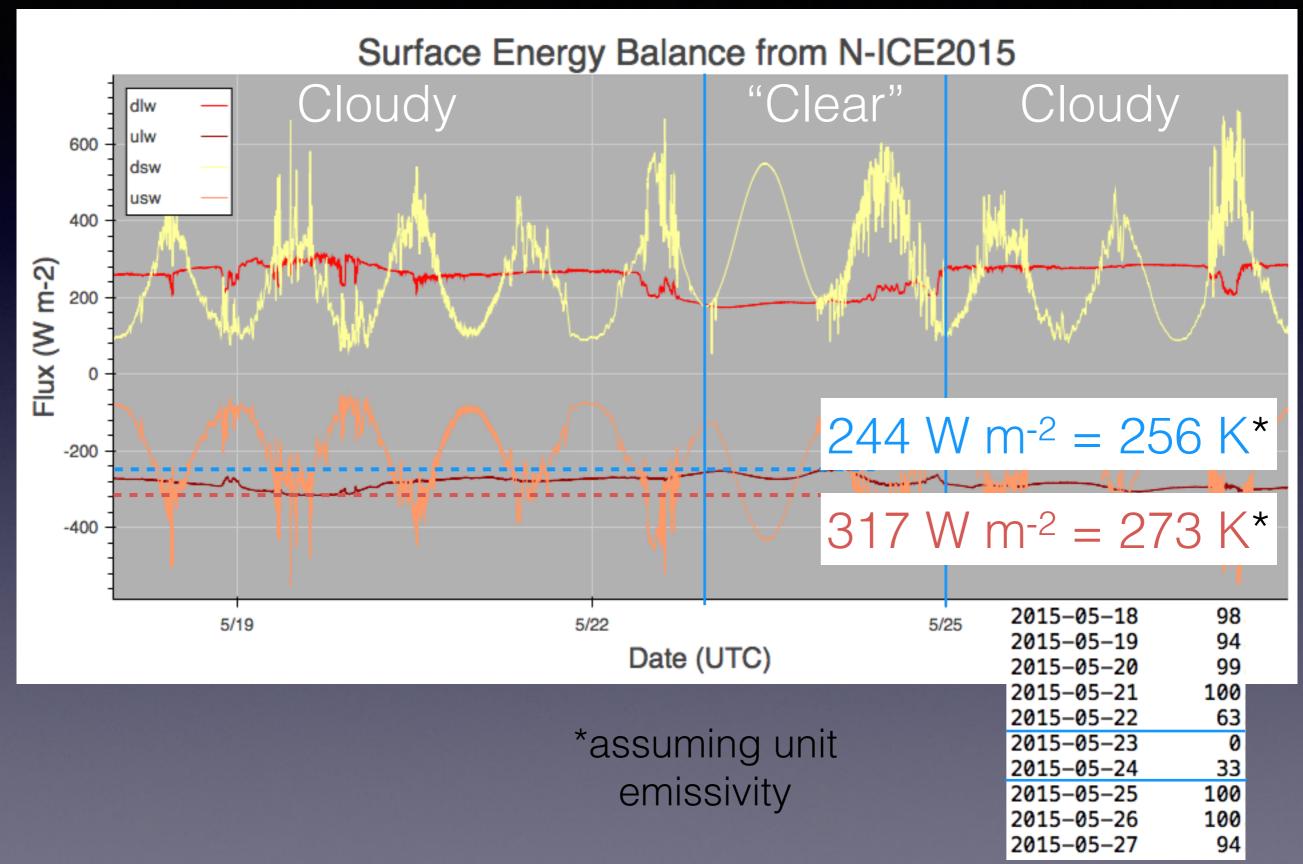


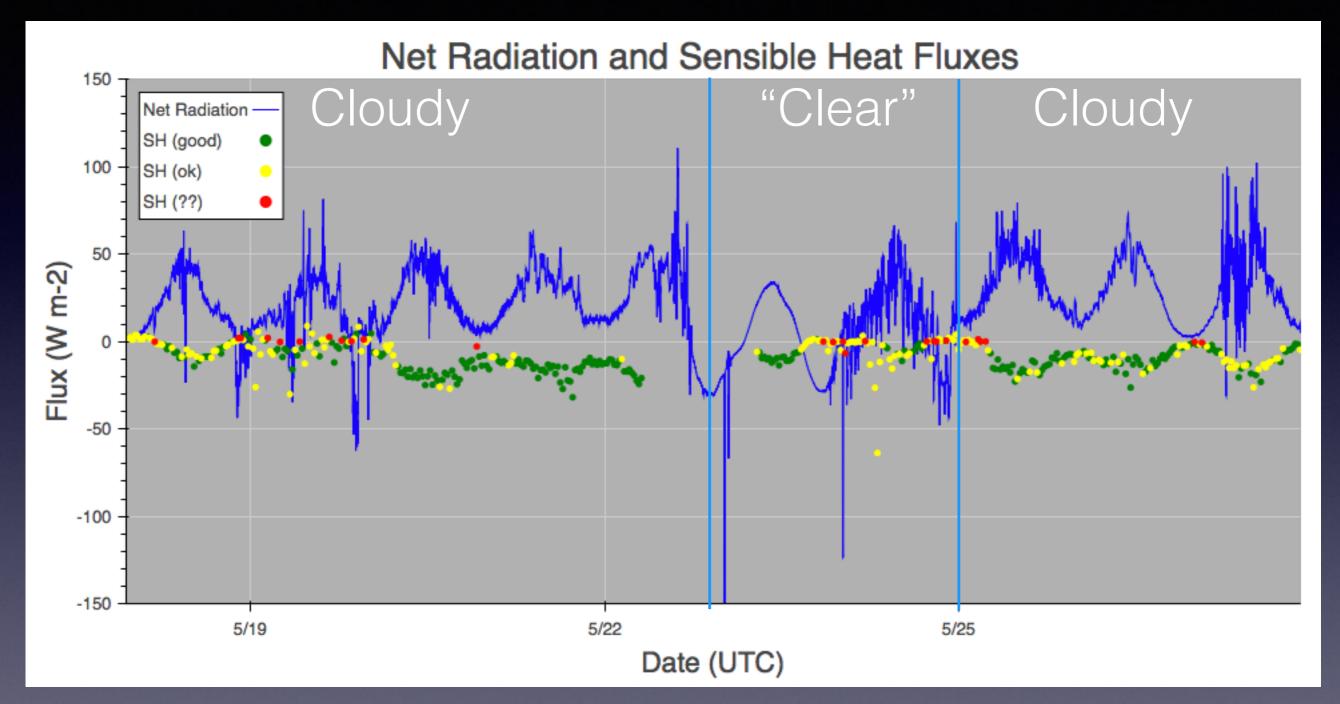
3 Feb





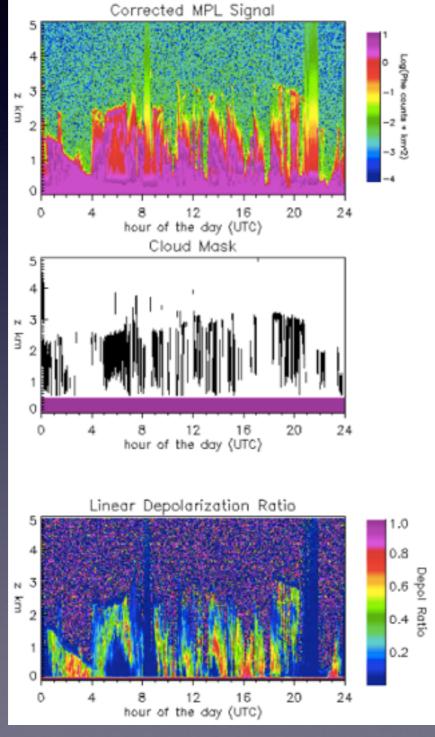




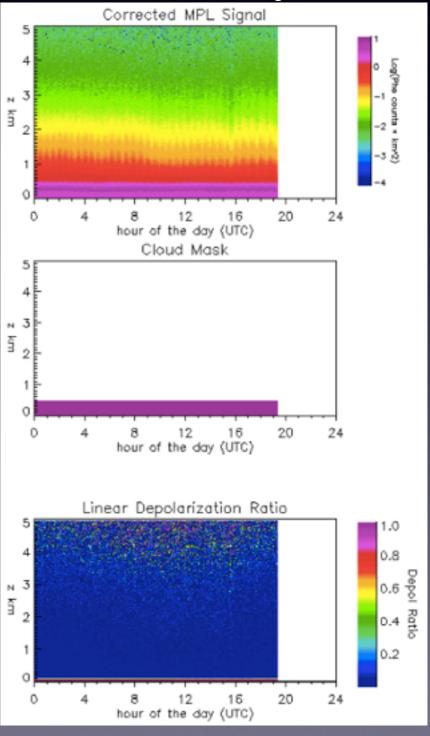


19 May

Micropulse Lidar



23 May



Conclusions

- N-ICE2015 was the first experiment over Arctic sea ice since SHEBA that spanned from winter into summer.
- Winter weather was variable, summer was not.
- Preliminary estimates of the surface energy balance indicate that latent heat fluxes are negligible, but sensible heat fluxes are not.
- Sensible heat fluxes do not balance the net radiation possibly due to oceanic heat flux through the sea ice.

Future Work

- Eddy-covariance inter comparison with two other systems and analysis software
- Year 1 has focused on "Disciplinary papers" to be published in a special issue of JGR
- Year 2 will focus on interdisciplinary research between the different work packages.

Thank you!

Acknowledgments

- Crew of the R/V Lance
- Chitra Sivaraman and Annette Koontz and the DOE ARM program
- U.S./Norway Fulbright Foundation
- College of Eng and Arch, Washington State University

Histograms

Show histograms of radiative fluxes in different

seasons

